



**Naval Research Laboratory
Li-Ion 30-AH Battery
ORS Phase 3 (TacSat-IV) Project**

Susie N. LaCava
202.404.3098
susie.lacava@nrl.navy.mil

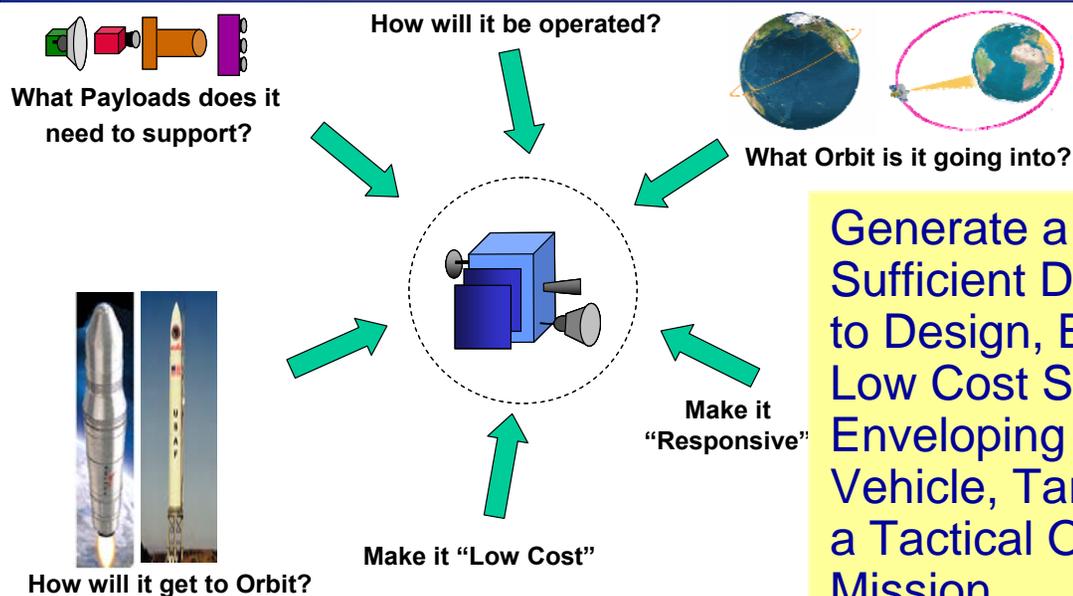


Agenda

- ORS Introduction
- Quallion Battery Cell
- ORS Battery Design
- Pictures of Battery
- Charge/Discharge Data
- Current Status



ORS/ISET* Activities



Charter

Generate a Set of Spacecraft Bus Standards, in Sufficient Detail to Allow a Vehicle Manufacturer to Design, Build, Integrate, Test, and Deliver a Low Cost Spacecraft Bus Satisfying an Enveloping Set of Mission Requirements (Launch Vehicle, Target Orbit, Payload, etc.) in Support of a Tactical Operational Responsive Space Mission

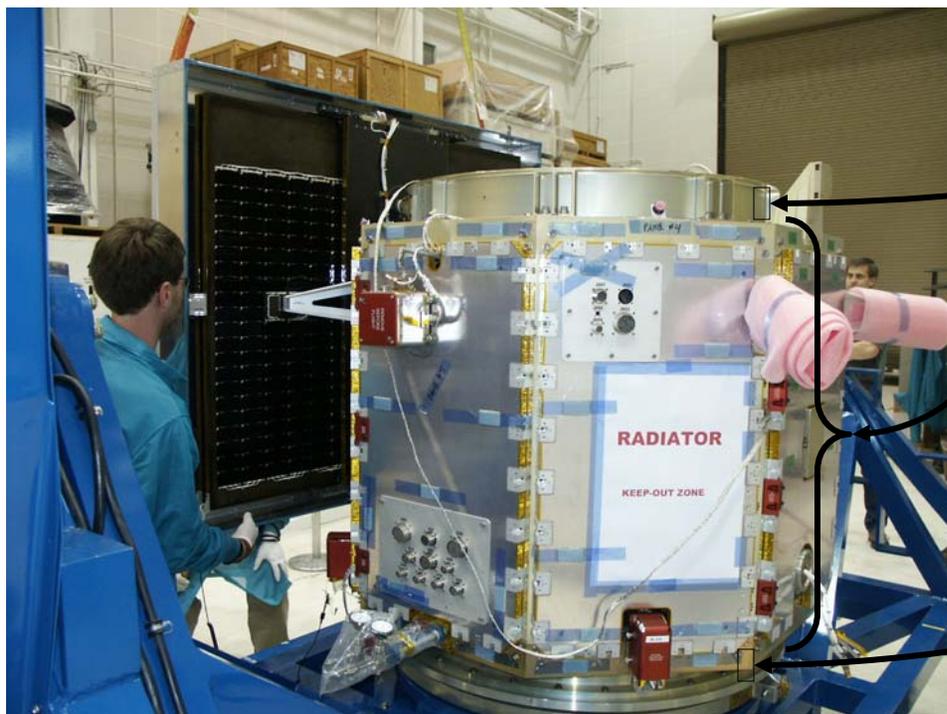
- Government and Industry Team Defined Capabilities
- Documents created to capture capabilities include
 - Payload Developers Guide (For payload developer independent of Bus Fab)
 - General Bus Specification (performance capabilities of the Bus)
 - Software Interface Standards (Ground – Bus and Bus – Payload)

* Operationally Responsive Space/Integrated System Engineering Team



Document Descriptions

Spacecraft Bus Prototype



Payload Developers Guide
- Mechanical, Electrical, Thermal
Interface Definition

General Bus Specification
- Performance Characteristics,
- Launch Vehicle Interfaces, etc.

Software Interface Standards
- Space to Ground
- Bus to Payload



ISET Standards (Performance)

Parameter	ORS Bus Standard*
Total Wet Mass	425 kg
Payload Mass	175 kg
Bus Wet Mass	250 kg
Payload Power (Orbital Average)	200 W (700 W Peak)
Pointing Control (3-sigma)	0.05 deg
Pointing Knowledge (3-sigma)	0.01 deg
Slew Rate (deg/sec)	Up to 2
Orbit Position Knowledge	30 m (1-sigma)
Payload Data Storage	Payload Specific/ 1 Gbyte for Payload Health & Status
Payload Data Transfer Capability [Telemetry D/L]	500kbps to 2Mbps for HEO orbits/ 2Mbps for LEO
Payload Digital Command & Data Interface	RS-422/ HDLC and Spacewire
Switched 28V Power Lines For Payload	3 -> 2 (Critical & Nominal)
Payload Interface Temperature	-30°C to +55°C on the Bus, Isolated from the P/L
Bus Propulsion Capability (DeltaV)	300 -> 175 m/s min.

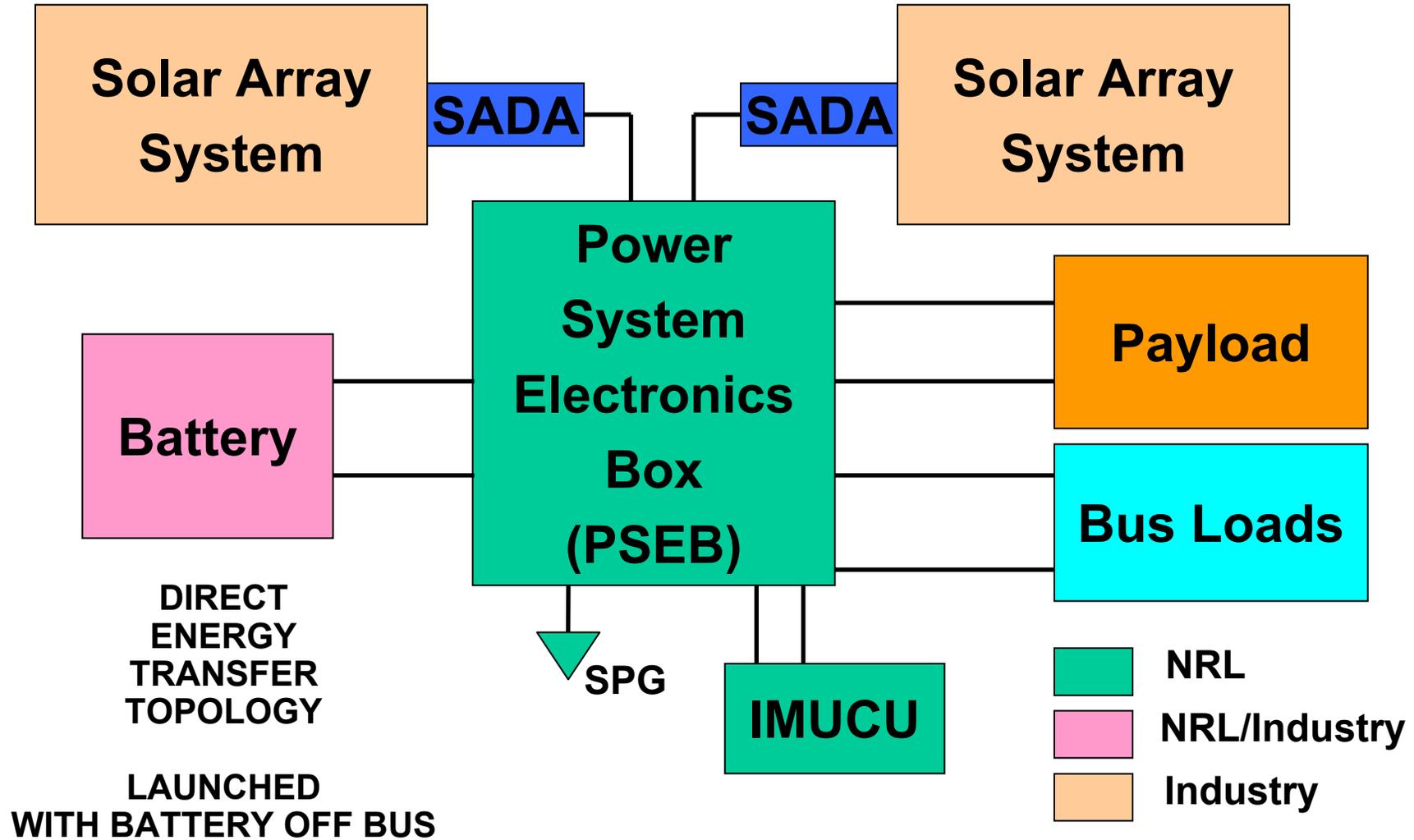
Other Derived Power Rqmts.

- 350 Watt-hours in Eclipse for P/L
- System Powered off at Launch
- Battery Stored Separate from Bus
- Battery Installation < ~ 1 day
- No charging of Battery once integrated with the Launch Vehicle

* Services supplied to a Payload

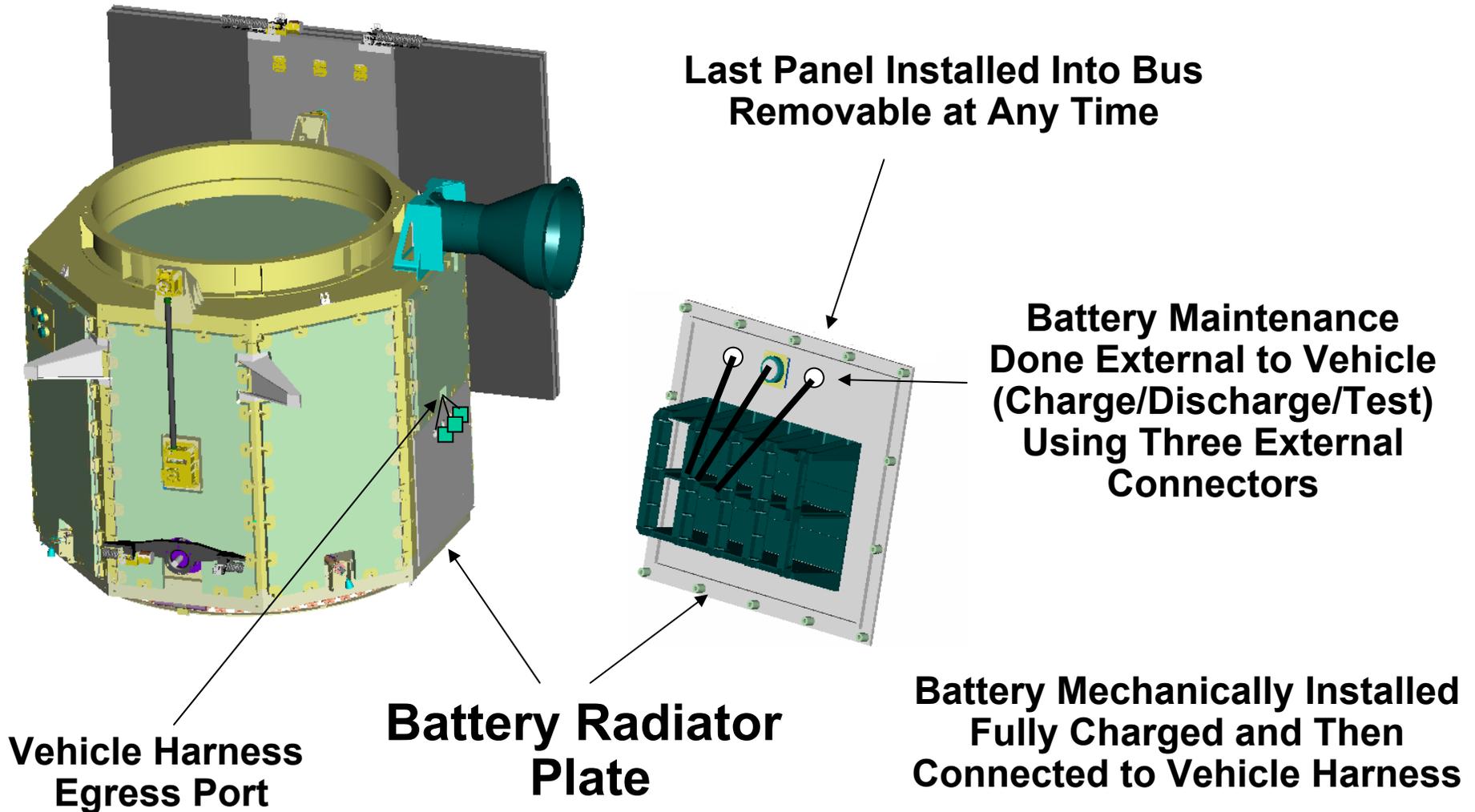


EPS Block Diagram





30 AH LITHIUM ION Battery Required Bus Installation





Initial Battery Sizing Estimates

- Battery Sized to Maximize Eclipse Energy Usage
 - Limited by Mass of Battery
- Chose Li-Ion Family for DOD and Self Discharge
 - Chose 60% DOD for One Year Operation
 - 14 Day Pad Operations Requirement
- Energy Calculations For 1 Hour Eclipse
 - Bus Loads Are at 250W for One Hour Long Eclipse = 250 Whr
 - Standards Define Payload Operation in Eclipse = 350 Whr
 - Total Needed Energy in Eclipse = 600 Whr
 - Average Voltage During 60% DOD for Lithium-Ion = 29V
 - Ampere Hours Needed to Meet Loads in Eclipse = 20AHrs
 - Battery Size Needed at 60% DOD = 34.5 AHrs
- Battery Capacity Selected = 30.0 AHrs
 - Size Chosen Covers 80/20 Eclipse Cases
 - Achievable Payload Energy in Eclipse (1 Hour) = 290 Whr
 - Achievable Payload Energy in Eclipse (1/2 Hour) = 350 Whr



Battery/Cell Acquisition Approach

- NRL Surveyed the Li-Ion Industry for Low Cost Battery Cells
- NRL Introduced to Quallion through Joe Stockel
 - Quallion Builds State-of-the-Art Li-Ion Battery Cells for DoD, NRO, and NASA
 - Provided Cells at Low Cost in Exchange for Knowledge and Data
- Cooperative Agreement Contract Awarded to Quallion October 2006
 - Coop-Agreement Instead of CRDA (Cooperative Research & Development Agreement), Because \$\$ Provided to Quallion for Cells
- Quallion Built, Tested, and Delivered 40 Cells to NRL on or Before 15 August 2007 (in Batches So NRL Can Begin Battery Build)
- NRL to Provide Quallion With Design “Know-How” for the Build and Qualification of Battery Assembly Including Drawings, Procedures, Test Plans, etc.
- Quallion Will Be Observing Construction and Testing, and Will Receive On-Orbit Data
- Cells Selected: QL015KA Which Are 15-AHr Rated
- Battery Topology Selected Is 2 in Parallel, 8 Pairs in Series



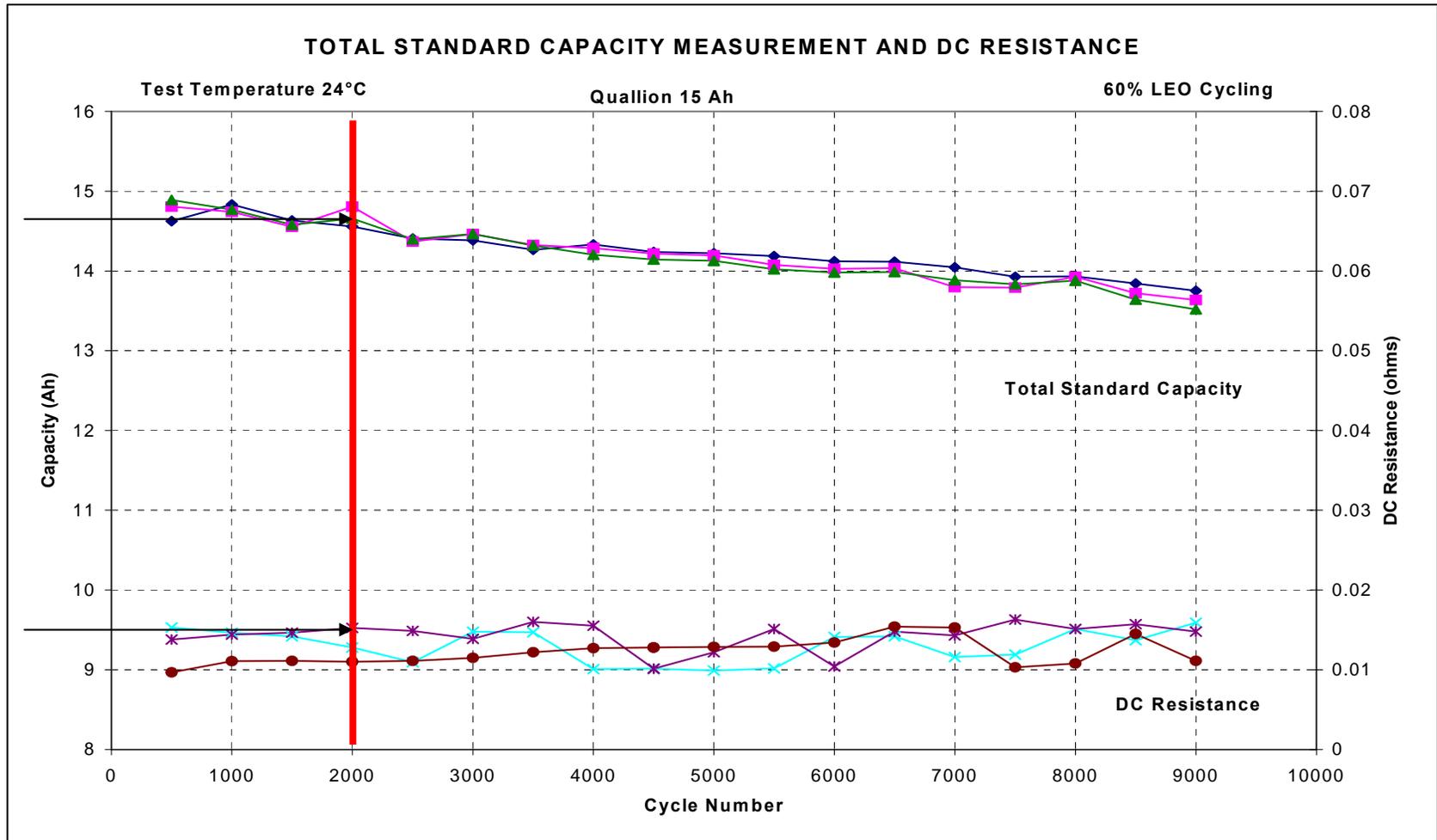
QL015KA 15 AH Li-Ion Cell Detail

- Manufacturer: Quallion
 - Chemistry: LiNiCoAlO
 - Nameplate Capacity: 15 Amp-Hours*
 - Part Number: QL015KA
 - Voltage Range: 0.0 - 4.1 Vdc
 - Cell Mass: 475 grams
 - Cell Cover Material: SS
 - Cell Case Material: SS
 - Cell Dimensions: 3.5" x 2.0" x 2.5"
 - Energy Density: 121 Whr/kg
- * When Charged to 4.1 Vdc and Discharged to 2.7 Vdc
- Cell Level Tests Performed by Quallion
 - DC Internal Resistance Test Pre- and Post-Testing
 - C/5 Cycling at 0, 25, and 40°C: Cycle Between 3.0 and 4.1 V (With Taper Charge) Three Times; Evaluate Capacity
 - Self Discharge Test; When Cells Are Fully Charged, Let Stand for 72 Hours, Then Evaluate the Drop in Cell Potential
 - C/5 Cycling at 0, 25, and 40°C After Storage at 50% SOC over 90 Days; Evaluate Capacity; Calculate Capacity Loss If Any
 - X-Ray Photographs and Leak Test



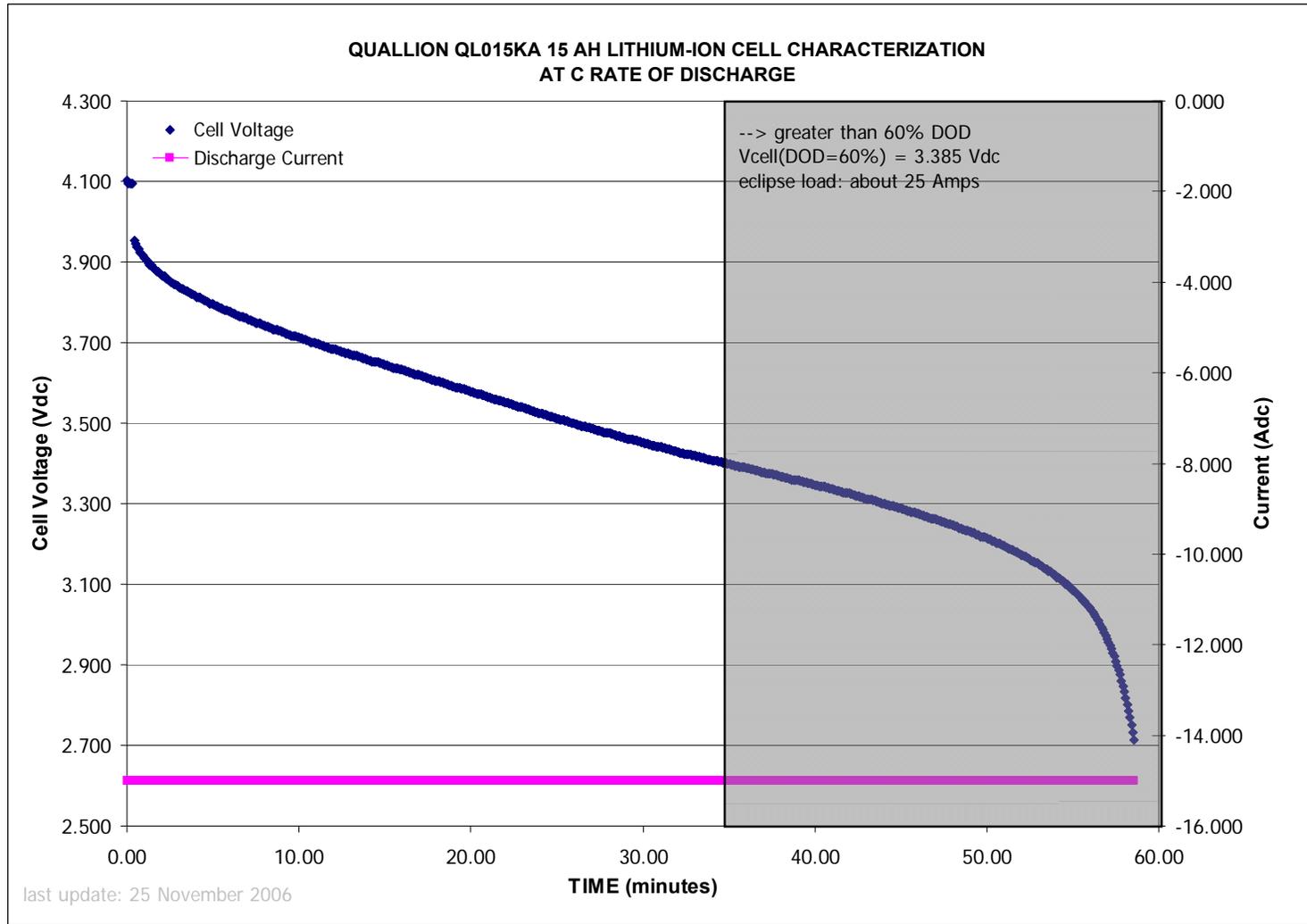


QUALLION QL015KA 15 AH LI-ION CELL Electrical Performance Data (Life Data)



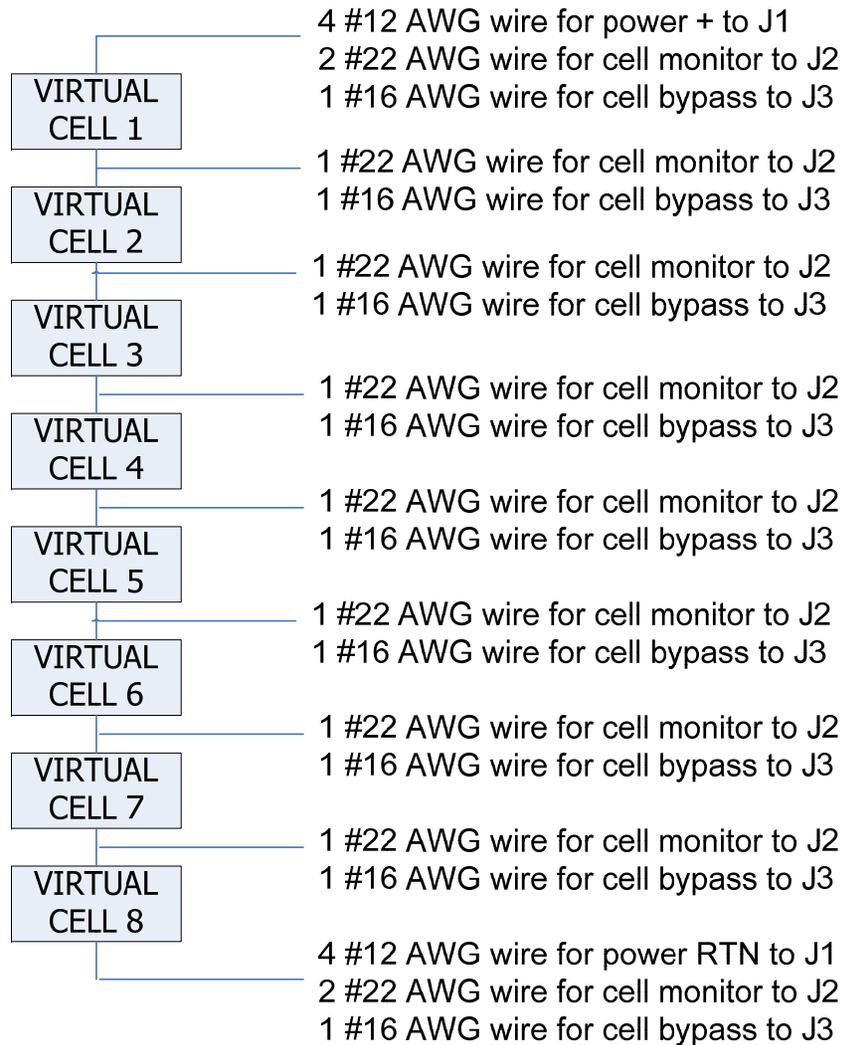


QUALLION QL015KA 15 AH LI-ION CELL Electrical Performance Data

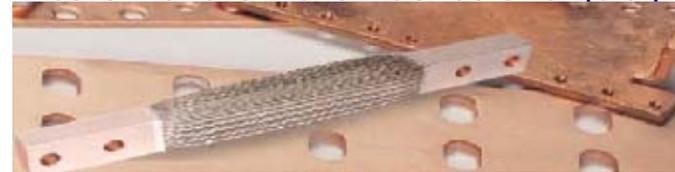




30 AH LITHIUM ION BATTERY Electrical Block Diagram



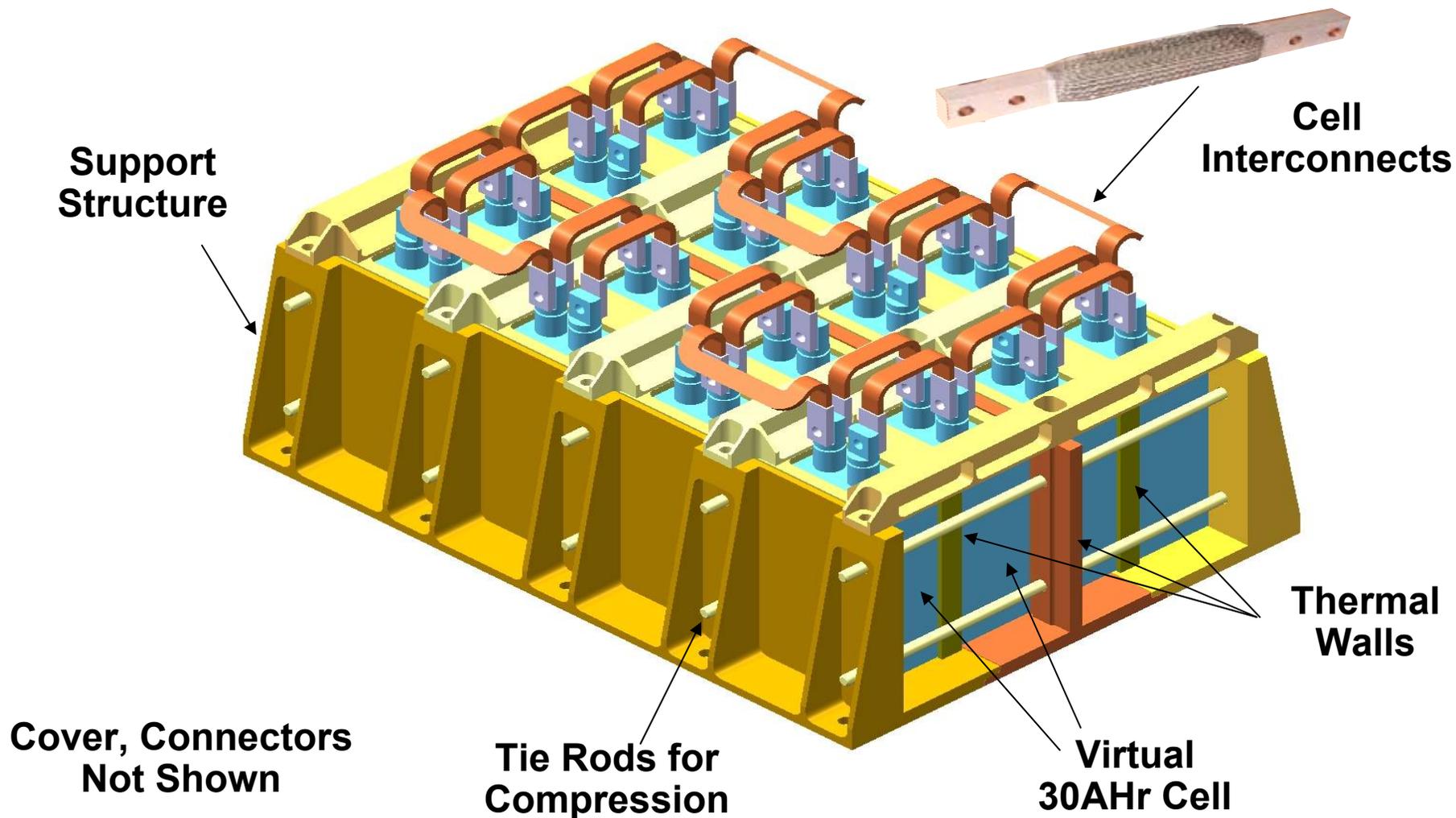
- Wiring Per SB-EP-0010
- Box ID: A015
- Cell to Cell Interconnects Using Custom Flexible Bus Bars Manufactured by Storm Copper
 - 2 Sizes Required: Parallel, Series Connections
 - Copper Braid in Between seamless copper bars that are nickel flashed and gold plated



- 4 Temperature Sensors
 - 2 AD590 sensors for Telemetry
 - 2 LTN11 sensors for Ground Test
- 3 Circular Connectors: D38999 Series IV Wall Mount
 - J1 Power – 4 +, 4 Rtn lines
 - J2 Telemetry (Voltages, Temps)
 - J3 Ground Charge – Cell Balance

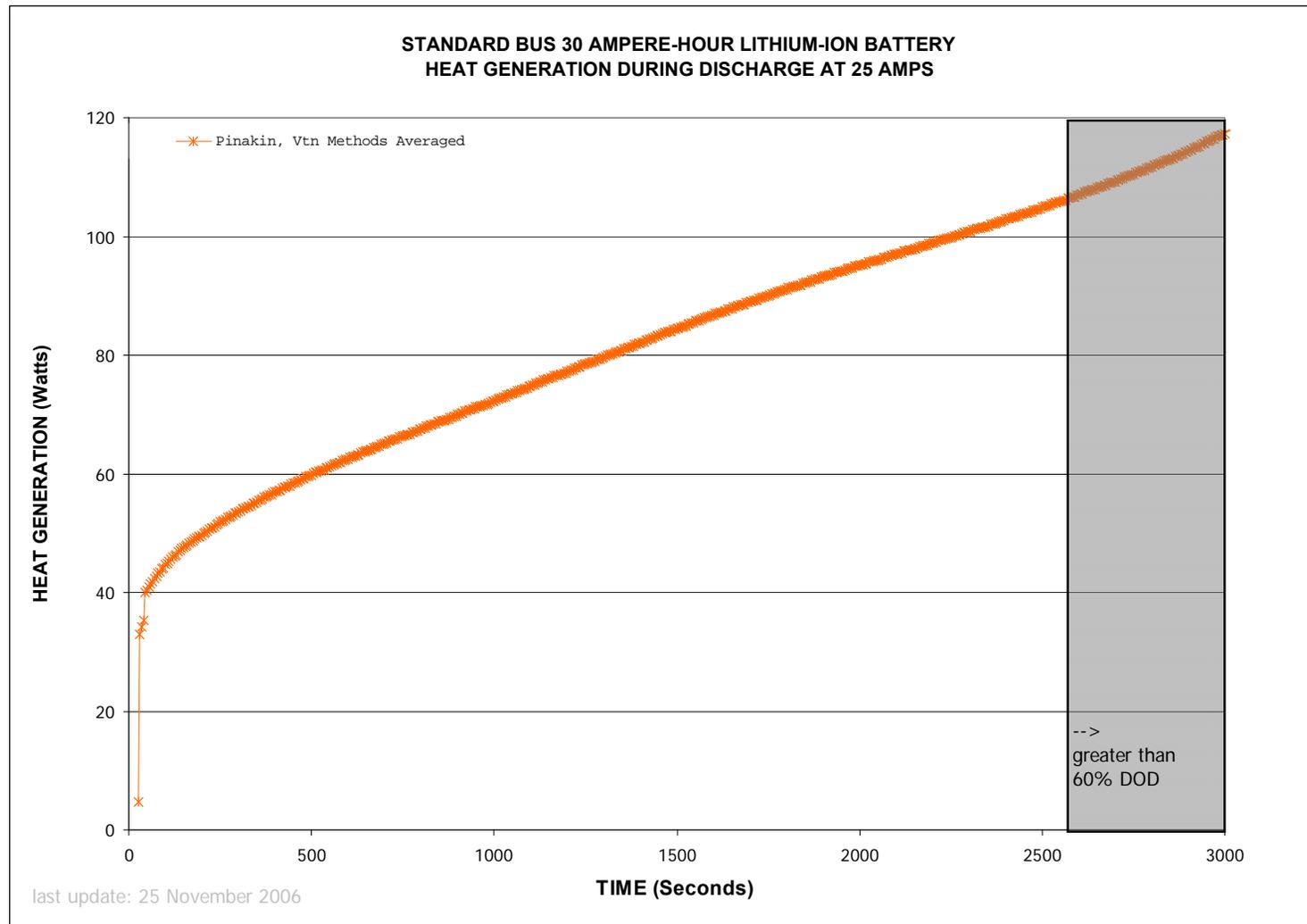


30 AH Lithium Ion Battery Packaging



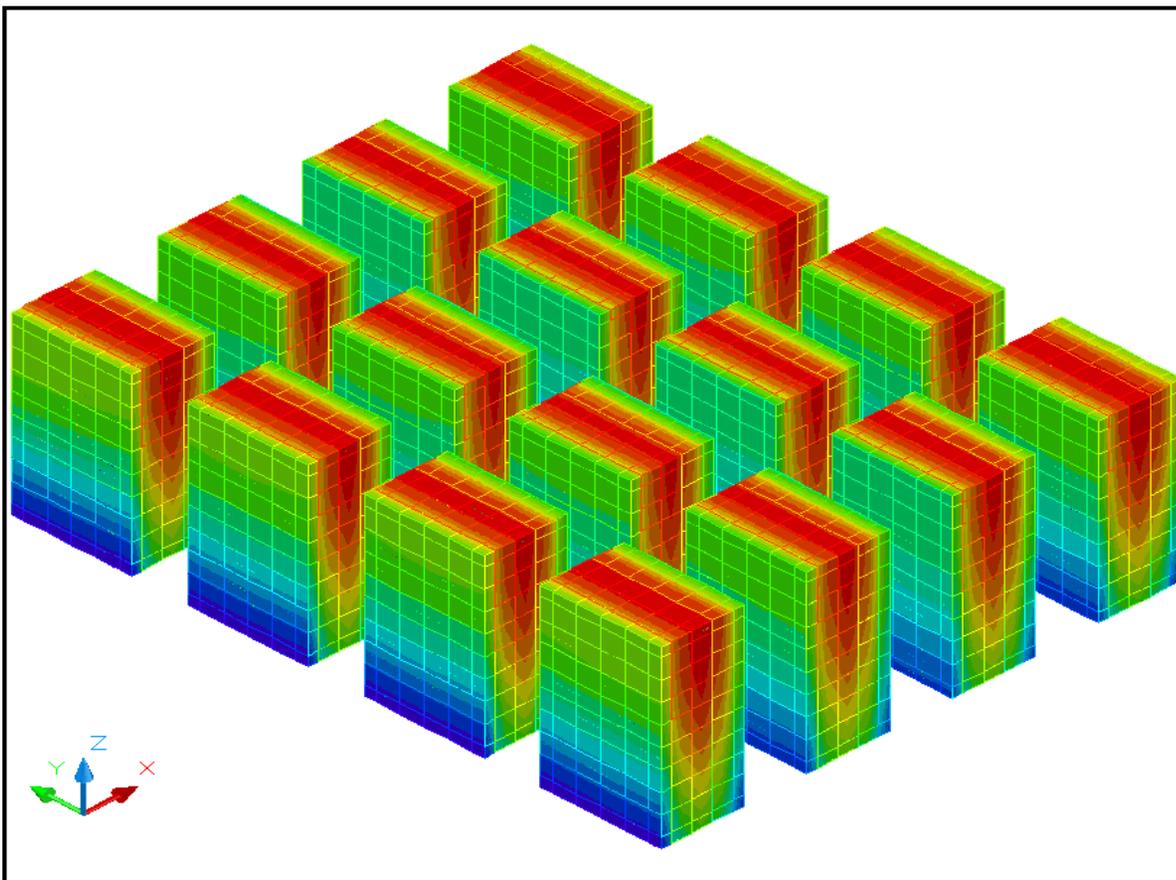
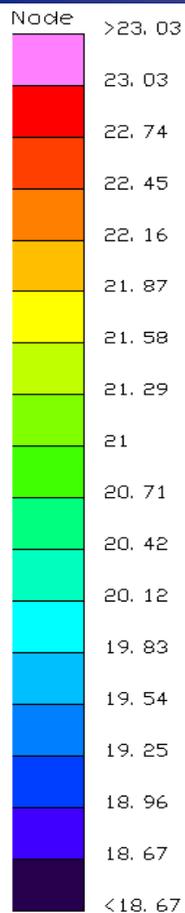


30 AH LITHIUM ION BATTERY Thermal Analysis - Heat Dissipation

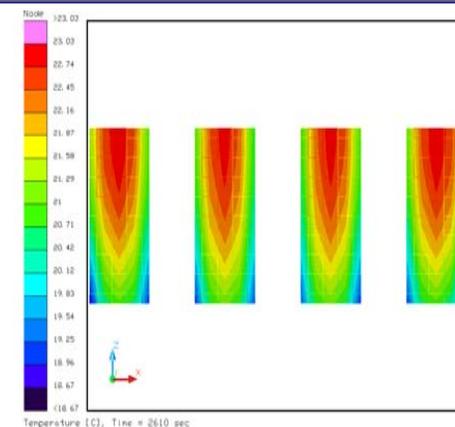




30 AH LITHIUM ION Battery Thermal Analysis



Temperature [C], Time = 2610 sec



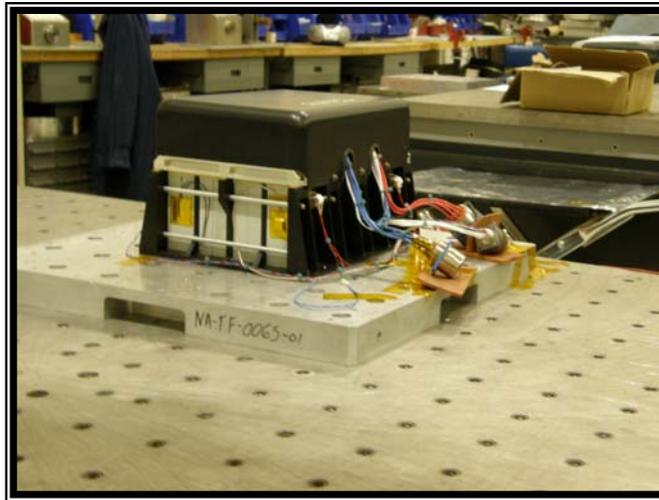
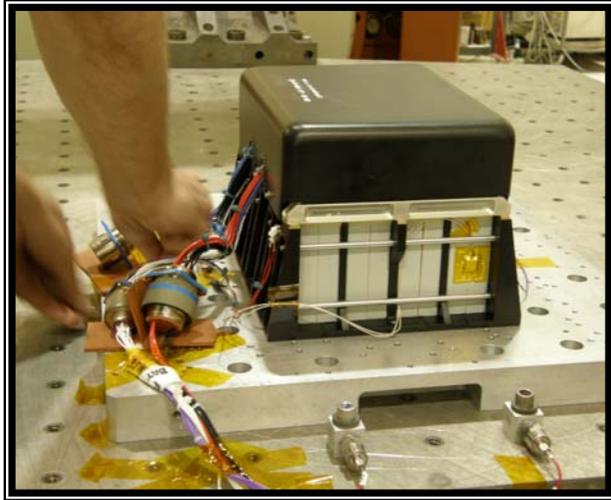
Baseline Deviations:

- 2610 Second Transient Calculation (43.5 Minutes), 10 Second Time Step
- Transient Power Dissipation Curve (Pinakin, Vtn Methods Averaged) Supplied by 8244
- Power Group on 11/30/2006
- No Shims
- Walls 1 and 5 are 0.075 in. Thick
- Walls 2 and 4 are 0.225 in. Thick
- Wall 3 is 0.300 in. Thick

- Maximum Cell Temperature Delta (End of Transient) = 4.36 °C
- Cell Thermal Profiles Are Matched Well From Cell to Cell
- Less Than 3 °C Temperature Delta Within Planes Parallel to the Baseplate From Virtual Cell to Virtual Cell, and Within a Cell

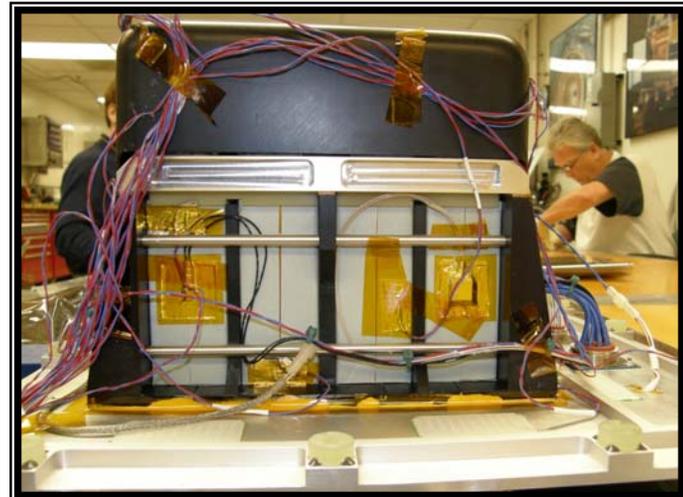
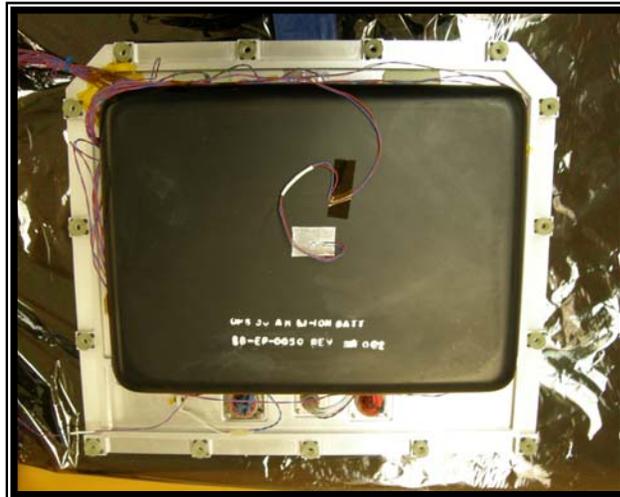


Photos of Battery



Battery Mass
29.6 lbs.

Battery Size
10-31/32" x
8-26/32" x
7-1/16"



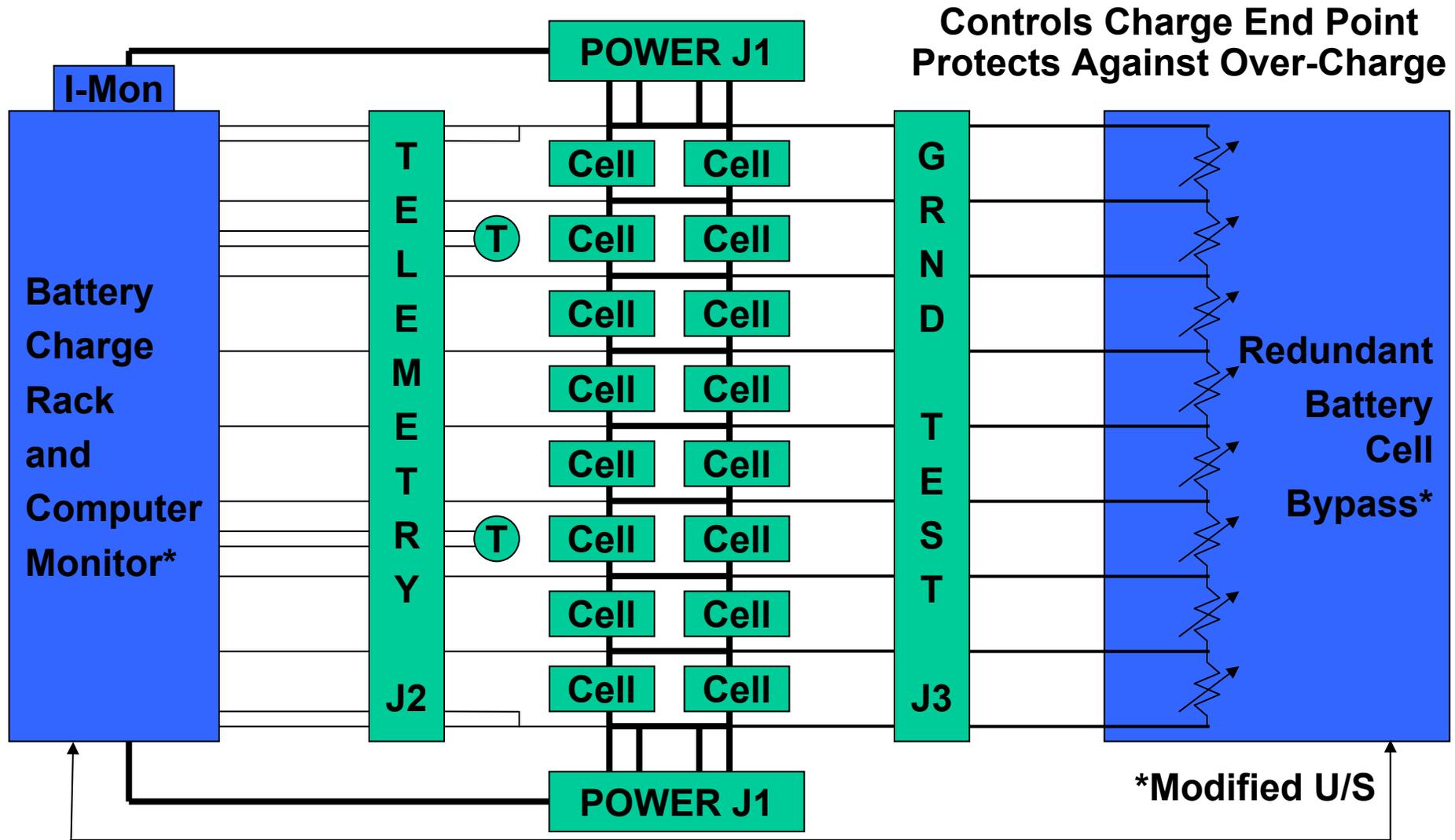


Battery Tests/Charging Operations

- Battery was Tested per NCST-TPL-SB008
- The Tests were Performed between 21 March 2008 and 4 May 2008
- Testing Performed
 - Safe to Mate
 - Insulation Resistance (performed pre- and post- Random Vibration)
 - Capacity Tests (3 cycles at 10°C, 20°C, and 30°C; 2 more cycles at 10°C performed post-Random Vibration and TVAC)
 - Orbital Cycling (2 days → 12 cycles)
 - Random Vibration
 - TVAC (1 day → 6 cycles at 10°C, 20°C, 30°C, then 20°C again)
- All Tests PASSED
- System Level Tests Supported by Battery
 - Vibration
 - EMI
 - Magnetic Dipole Moment
- Charge Control
 - All Charging Done by Battery Charging/Test System
 - Charging Can Be Done in Parallel With Bus Testing If Battery Is Installed

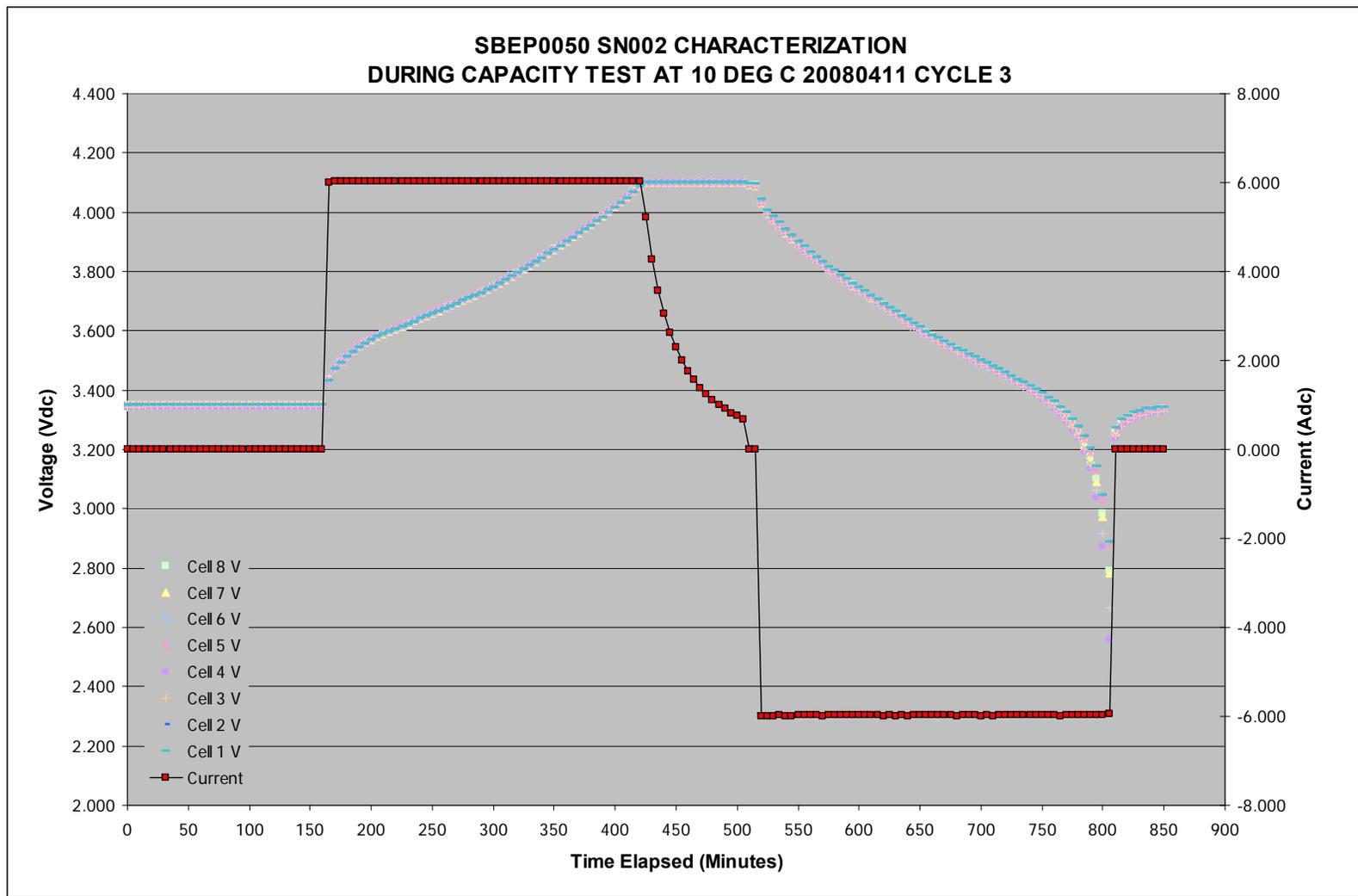


Battery Test/Charge Control Approach



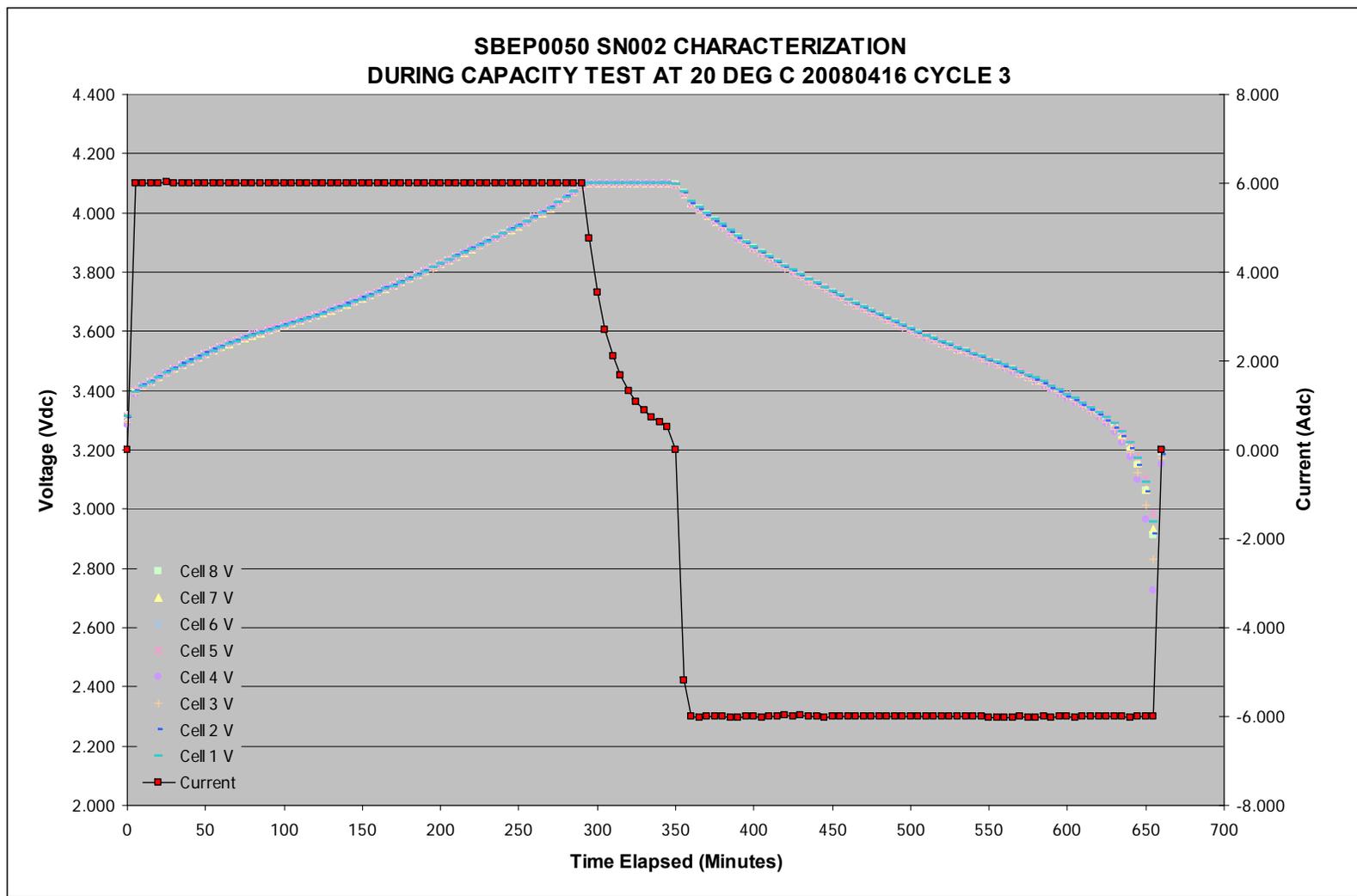


Capacity Test @ 10°C



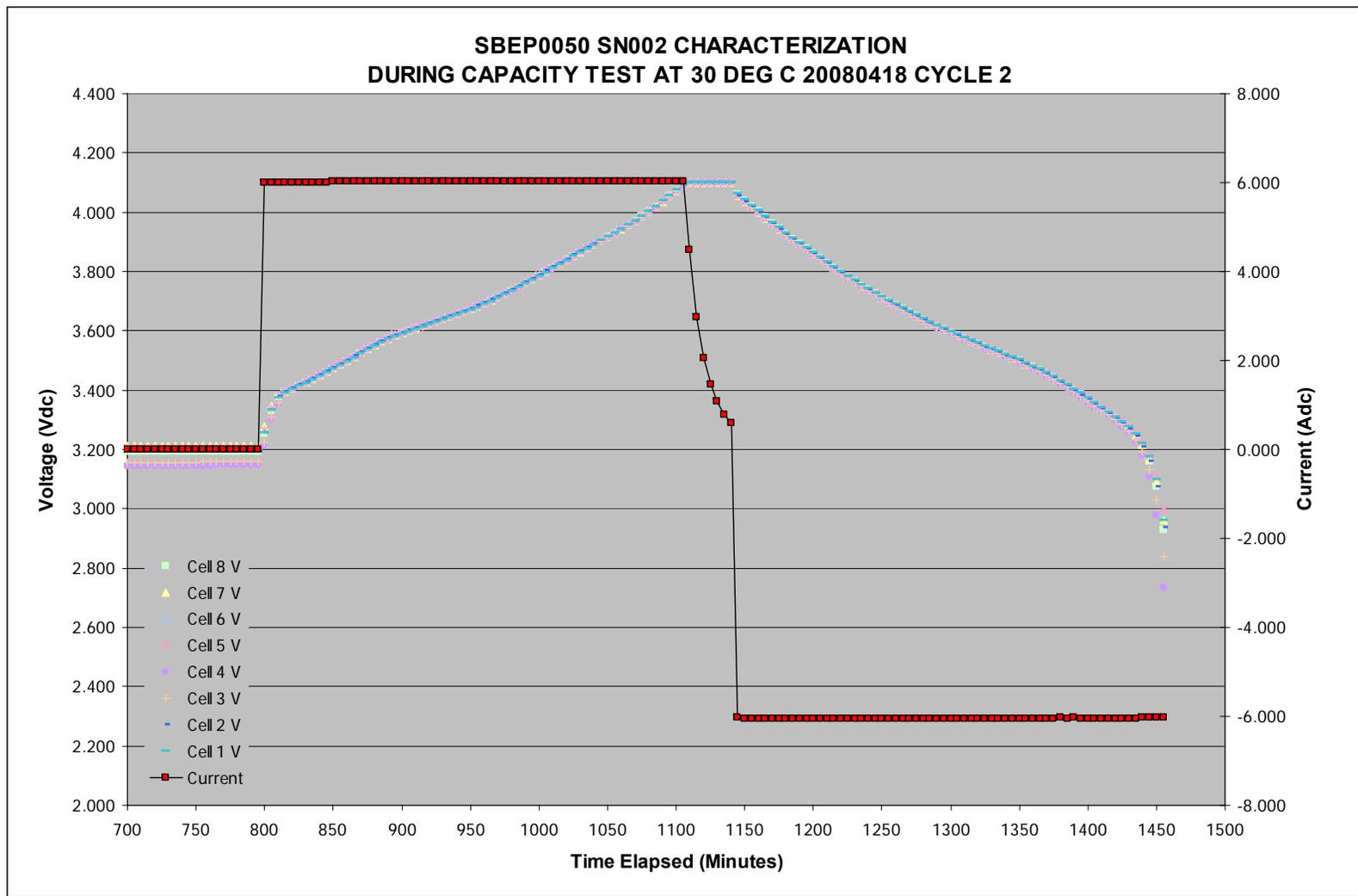


Capacity Test @ 20°C





Capacity Test @ 30°C





Current & Future Status

- Bus Structure in Storage
- Battery is Monitored Daily with a Monthly Cell Voltage Check
 - Proto-Qualification Testing Completed Early May 2008
 - Cells at ~3.34 Vdc
 - Cell Voltages shall be between 3.25 and 3.40 Vdc. Capacity test cycles to be performed if the cell voltages are outside of this range.
 - Battery at ~26.73 Vdc
 - Battery Voltage shall be between 26.0 and 27.2 Vdc. Capacity test cycles to be performed if the battery voltage is outside of this range.
 - Room Temperature with Humidity Control via Nitrogen Purge when Necessary
- Awaiting Payload Integration
- Current Launch Date: September 2009